

RoHS Compliant Product
A suffix of "-C" specifies halogen and lead-free

DESCRIPTION

The SCS6206M30-C is a positive voltage regulators manufactured by CMOS technologies with high ripple rejection, low power consumption and low dropout voltage, which can prolong battery life in portable electronics.

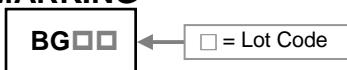
The SCS6206M30-C work with low-ESR ceramic capacitors, reducing the amount of board space necessary for power applications. The SCS6206M30 consume less than 0.1uA in shutdown mode and have fast turn-on time less than 50us.

The SCS6206M30-C is very suitable for the battery-powered equipments, such as RF applications and other systems requiring a quiet voltage source.

FEATURES

- Low Dropout Voltage: 150mV @150mA
- Low Quiescent Current: 5 μ A
- High Ripple Rejection: 65dB @1kHz
- Excellent Line and Load Transient Response
- Operating Voltage: 2V~7V
- Output Voltage: 1.2~5V
- High Accuracy: $\pm 2\%$ (Typ.)
- Built-in Current Limiter, Short-Circuit Protection
- TTL-Logic-Controlled Shutdown Input

MARKING



PACKAGE INFORMATION

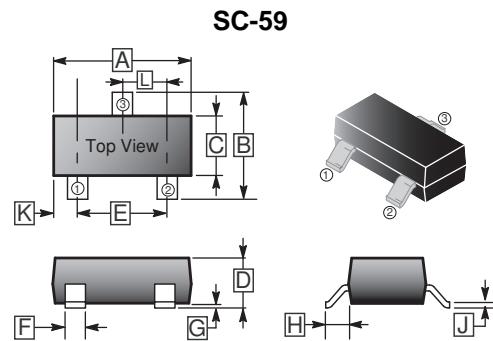
Package	MPQ	Leader Size
SC-59	3K	7 inch

ORDER INFORMATION

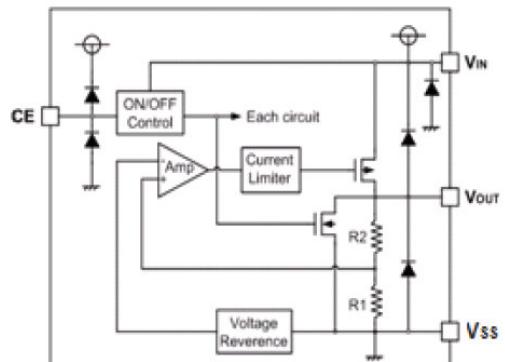
Part Number	Type
SCS6206M30-C	Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free

PIN CONFIGURATION

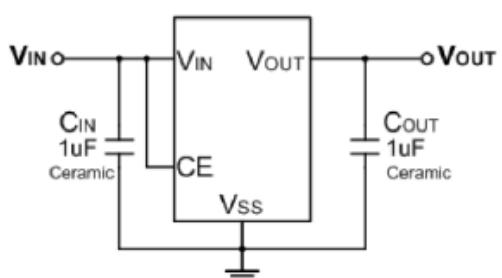
Pin No.	Name	Function
1	V _{ss}	Ground
2	V _{out}	Output
3	V _{in} / CE	Power Input / Chip Enable Pin



Block Diagram



Typical Characteristics



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	$V_{SS} -0.3 \sim V_{SS}+8$	V
Output Current	I_{OUT}	600	mA
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	$V_{SS} -0.3 \sim V_{SS}+0.3$	W
Power Dissipation	P_D	0.4	W
Operating Ambient Temperature	T_A	-40~85	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Junction & Storage Temperature	T_J, T_{STG}	-40~125	
Soldering Temperature & Time	T_{SOLDER}	260°C, 10s	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1\text{V}$, $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=1\mu\text{F}$, $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

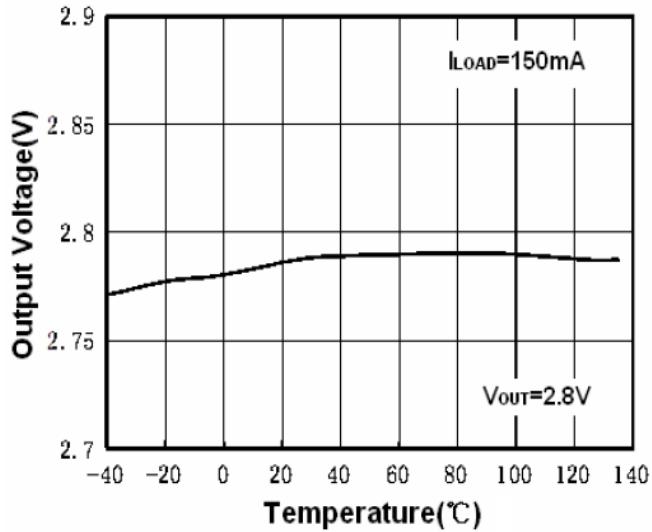
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage ²	$V_{IN}(E)$	$I_{OUT}=1\text{mA}$	$V_{OUT} * 0.98$	V_{OUT}	$V_{OUT} * 1.02$	V
Supply Current	I_{SS}	$I_{OUT}=0$	-	5	10	μA
Standby Current	I_{STBY}	$CE=V_{SS}$	-	-	0.1	uA
Output Current	I_{OUT}		300	-	-	mA
Dropout Voltage ³	V_{dif}	$I_{OUT}=150\text{mA}$, $V_{OUT} \geq 3\text{V}$	-	150	-	mV
Load Regulation	ΔV_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1\text{V}$, $1\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 100\text{mA}$	-	10	-	mV
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT} \times \Delta V_{IN}}$	$I_{OUT}=10\text{mA}$, $V_{OUT}+1\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 6\text{V}$	-	0.01	0.2	%/V
Temperature Coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T \times V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=10\text{mA}$, $-40 \leq T \leq 85$	-	100	-	ppm
Short Current	I_{Short}	$V_{OUT}=V_{SS}$	-	50	-	mA
Input Voltage	V_{IN}		2	-	7	V
Power Supply Rejection Rate	1kHz	PSPR	$I_{OUT}=50\text{mA}$	-	65	dB
	10kHz			-	50	
CE "High" Voltage	V_{CE}^H		1.5	-	V_{IN}	V
CE "Low" Voltage	V_{CE}^L		-	-	0.3	

Notes:

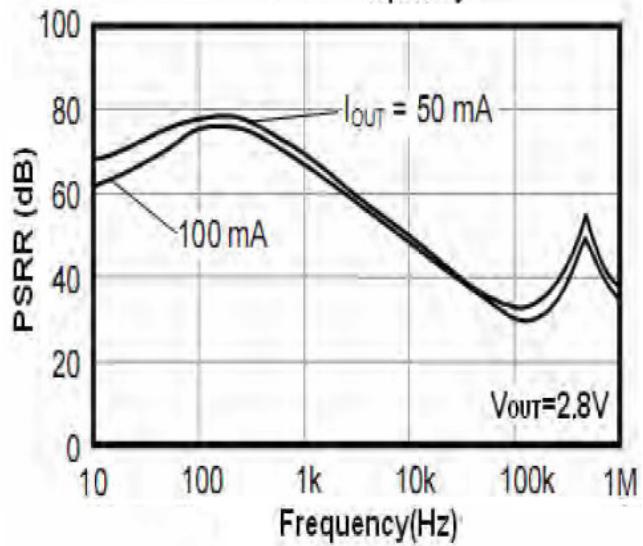
1. V_{OUT} : Specified Output Voltage.
2. $V_{OUT}(E)$: Effective Output Voltage (ie. The Output Voltage When $V_{IN}=(V_{OUT}+1\text{V})$ And Maintain A Certain I_{OUT} Value)
3. V_{dif} : The Difference of Output Voltage and Input Voltage when Input Voltage is Decreased Gradually Till Output Voltage Equals to 98% of $V_{OUT}(E)$.

CHARACTERISTICS CURVE

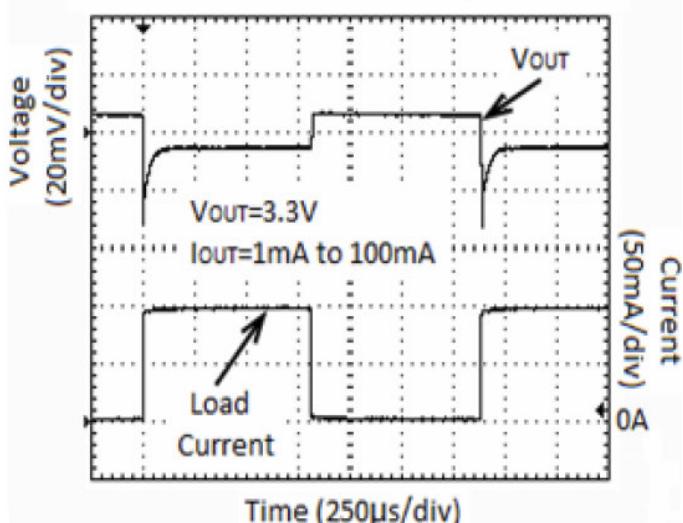
Output Voltage vs. Temperature



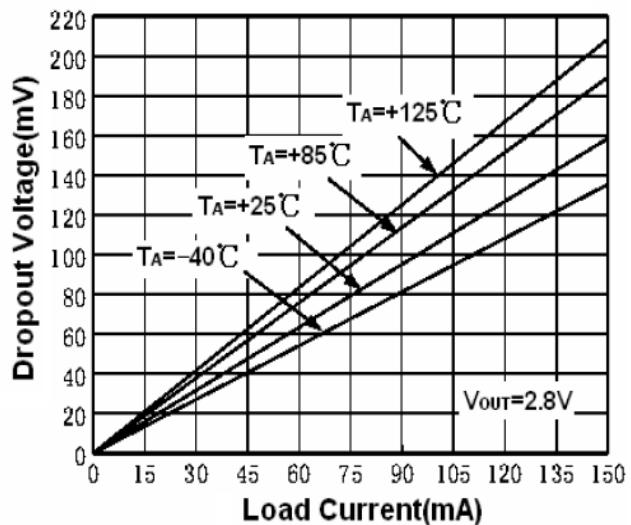
PSRR vs. Frequency



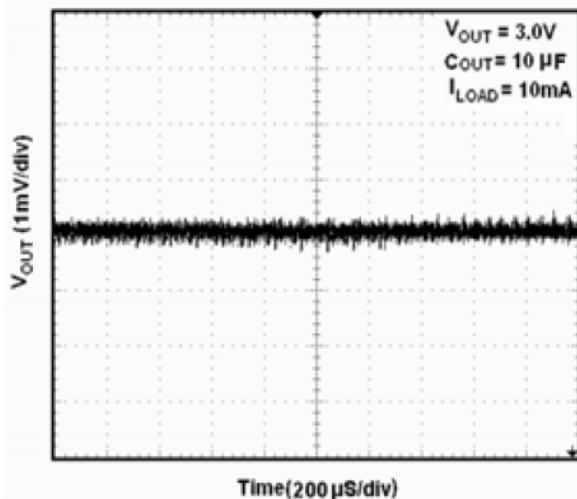
Load Transient Response



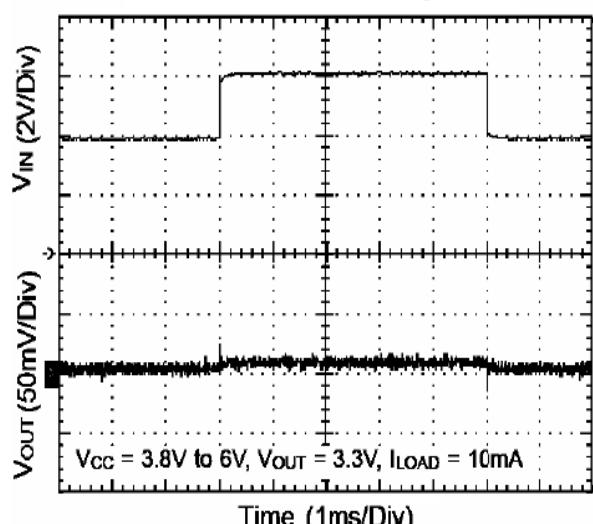
Dropout Voltage vs. Load Current



Output Noise 10Hz to 100KHz



Line Transient Response



CHARACTERISTICS CURVE

